

# CURRICULUM PLAN

COMPUTING
BRAMHALL HIGH SCHOOL

#### **Curriculum Intent**

#### **YEAR 7**

- Students look at the impact of technology and the dangers of online behaviours such as Cyberbullying
- Students learn how to construct a spreadsheet model and use a variety of formulas to produce information
- Students use a visual based programming tool called Scratch to build their coding and logical skills
- Students learn about networks and protocols and how hardware and software is used in computing
- Students learn about the reliability of online research and produce digital artefacts based on this research
- Students learn more advanced techniques on the Scratch program covering sequencing, operators and iteration

#### YEAR 8

- Students learn about how algorithms are used in everyday life and how logical sequencing, selection and iteration are vital to modern programming
- Students are introduced to a text based programming language called Python and carry out some tasks and evaluate these
- Students learn the different layers of computing systems including programs, the operating system, the physical components that store and execute these programs and the binary building blocks that these components consist of
- Students learn about the complex technology built in to the modern mobile phone and how each component works and what it's function Is
- Students learn about representations and how binary numbers are used to represent different text and images
- Students learn how a graphical design package called Inkscape can be used to create sophisticated digital representations of images

#### YEAR 9

- Students learn more complex text based programming using Python than covered in year 8 adding more variables and individual responses
- Students learn about the Importance of cyber security, hacking, viruses and social engineering
- Students look at representations and how audio and visual Information can be used together
- Students learn about the development of mobile phone apps and how they are designed to meet different needs of Individuals
- Students learn and discover how professionals create 3D animations using the industry-standard software package, Blender
- Students learn how a graphical design package called Inkscape can be used to create sophisticated digital representations of images\*
- \* this unit will be moved to year 8 In 24/25 permanently to be replaced by a HTML web design unit

#### **YEAR 10**

Year 10 focuses on Paper 2 of the GCSE – Computational Thinking and Algorithms. This paper focuses on topics that were traditionally taught at college level but not at GCSE – bridging the gap for pupils so they are better prepared for programming in either college or an apprenticeship. Topics included are; Algorithms, Iteration, Boolean, Data Types, Searching and Sorting Algorithms, Input and Output, Problem Solving, Binary and Hex, Programming Languages. Many of these topics have been looked at in Year 7 and 8 which means they can be focused on in more depth.

#### **YEAR 11**

Year 11 focuses on Paper 1 of the GCSE – Computer Systems. This focuses on topics that are more traditionally taught at GCSE within the old specification but in more depth, again preparing pupils for college and beyond. Topics in this unit are; Hardware, Software, Networks, Security and Ethical, Legal, Cultural and Environmental concerns. Many of these topics have been looked at in Year 7 and 8 which means they can be focused on in more depth.

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	YEAR 7					
Term	Programme of Learning	Links to the National Curriculum / Specification / Additional	Assessments	What extra learning opportunities are planned?	Disciplinary Literacy	
Term la	Impact of Technology 1. Introduction and email 2. Room rules 3. Respectful communication 4. English Star Reader Tests 5-6. Cyberbullying presentations 7. Impersonation online	undertake creative projects that involve selecting, using, and combining multiple applications, preferably across a range of devices, to achieve challenging goals, including collecting and analysing data and meeting the needs of known users  understand a range of ways to use technology safely, respectfully, responsibly and securely, including protecting their online identity and privacy; recognise inappropriate content, contact and conduct and know how to report concerns.	Cyberbullying Presentations	Students are shown how to access their files from home and to move files from home to school and vice versa	Collaborating	

Term 1b	Spreadsheets 1. Getting to know a spreadsheet 2. Quick Calculations 3. Collecting Data 4. Data Master 5. Level up data skills 6. Assessment of final model	design, use and evaluate computational abstractions that model the state and behaviour of real-world problems and physical systems	Spreadsheet model	Students are encouraged to look critically at local shops that sell confectionary and base their models on these	Modelling Formatting
Term 2a	Scratch – an Introduction to coding  1. Scratch Introduction Videos 2. Game Basics 3. Underwater Game 4. Monkey Game 5. Creating graphics 6. Sub-routines and variables  EXTENSION: Microbits	use two or more programming languages, at least one of which is textual, to solve a variety of computational problems; make appropriate use of data structures [for example, lists, tables or arrays]; design and develop modular programs that use procedures or functions  undertake creative projects that involve selecting, using, and combining multiple applications, preferably across a range of devices, to achieve challenging goals, including collecting and analysing data and meeting the needs of known users	Scratch Assessment	Students are encouraged to download Scratch at home and practise using it	Animate Logic

Term 2b	Networks  1 Networks and protocols  2. Hardware  3. Wireless networks  4. Internet  5. internet services  6. world wide web	understand the hardware and software components that make up computer systems, and how they communicate with one another and with other systems	Summative Assessment		Protocol Network
Term 3a	Zoo Project 1.Internet Research Reliability of sources 2. and 3. Factsheet 4. and 5 Logo creation (vector graphics intro) 6. Evaluation 7. English Star Tests	undertake creative projects that involve selecting, using, and combining multiple applications, preferably across a range of devices, to achieve challenging goals, including collecting and analysing data and meeting the needs of known users	Factsheet	Students are asked to research successful logos	Reliability Alignment

Term 3b	Scratch Programming and	use two or more programming	Scratch Assessment 2	Students are encouraged	<mark>Sequence</mark>
	Sequencing 1. Sequencing intro 2. Sequencing and Variables 3. Selection 4. Operators 5. Count-controlled iteration 6. Problem Solving	languages, at least one of which is textual, to solve a variety of computational problems; make appropriate use of data structures [for example, lists, tables or arrays]; design and develop modular programs that use procedures or functions		to download Scratch at home and develop their skills	<mark>Variables</mark>
		undertake creative projects that involve selecting, using, and combining multiple applications, preferably across a range of devices, to achieve challenging goals, including collecting and analysing data and meeting the needs of known users			

		YE	AR 8		
Term	Programme of Learning	Links to the National Curriculum / Specification / Additional	Assessments	What extra learning opportunities are planned?	Disciplinary Literacy
Term la	Algorithms explain what an algorithm is and create algorithms to solve specific problems • use sequence, selection and iteration in algorithms • use input, processing and output in algorithms • express algorithms using flow diagrams and pseudocode • analyse, assess and compare different algorithms • create, name and use suitable variables • use arithmetic, relational and Boolean operators • use conditional statements.	understand several key algorithms that reflect computational thinking [for example, ones for sorting and searching]; use logical reasoning to compare the utility of alternative algorithms for the same problem  understand simple Boolean logic [for example, AND, OR and NOT] and some of its uses in circuits and programming; understand how numbers can be represented in binary, and be able to carry out simple operations on binary numbers [for example, binary addition, and conversion between binary and decimal]	Booklets completed and assessed using CPR	Students to consider how everyday tasks can be broken down into various steps	Algorithm Iteration

Term 1b	Introduction to Python (RPi) Basic Python theory booklets CPR	design, use and evaluate computational abstractions that model the state and behaviour of real-world problems and physical systems  understand several key algorithms that reflect computational thinking [for example, ones for sorting and searching]; use logical reasoning to compare the utility of alternative algorithms for the same problem  use 2 or more programming languages, at least one of which is textual, to solve a variety of computational problems; make appropriate use of data structures [for example, lists, tables or arrays]; design and develop modular programs that use procedures or functions  understand simple Boolean	Quality of theory booklet and level of understanding shown CPR	Download REPL at home and work on Python	Syntax Input
		logic [for example, AND, OR			

		and NOT] and some of its uses in circuits and programming; understand how numbers can be represented in binary, and be able to carry out simple operations on binary numbers [for example, binary addition, and conversion between binary and decimal]		
Term 2a	Computer Systems  1. get in gear  2. under the hood  3. orchestra conductor  4. its only logical  5. thinking machines  6. sharing	This unit takes learners on a tour through the different layers of computing systems: from programs and the operating system, to the physical components that store and execute these programs, to the fundamental binary building blocks that these components consist of.  The aim is to provide a concise overview of how computing systems operate, conveying the essentials and abstracting away the technical details that might confuse or put off learners.	Unit Assessment	Software Hardware

		The last lessons cover two interesting contemporary topics: artificial intelligence and open source software. These are linked back to the content of the unit, helping learners to both broaden their knowledge and focus on the topics addressed in the unit.			
Term 2b	Mobile Technology  1. Mobile Phone comparison 2. Function 3. Apps 4. User requirements 5. Coverage 6. Data Transfer	undertake creative projects that involve selecting, using, and combining multiple applications, preferably across a range of devices, to achieve challenging goals, including collecting and analysing data and meeting the needs of known users	Booklets assessed for quality and depth of answers CPR	Students to research various phone options using both Android and IOS	Processor Megapixels

Term 3a Representations – from clay to under	stand simple Boolean logic Summative	Binary
silicon  1. Across time and Space 2. Lights and drums 3. Binary digits 4. Numbers in binary 5. Large quantities 6. Turing's mug  under stored comple how d (include pictur manip	Summative Assessment  Summative Assessment  Summative Assessment  Summative Assessment  Summative Assessment  Year 8 examination  Year 8 examination	Binary Representations

Term 3b	Extended Vector Graphics –	undertake creative projects that	Final Portfolio	Students are given the	Node	
	Inkscape  1. Basic introduction 2. Sonic the Hedgehog 3. The Apple 4. Bitmap trace 5. Reproducing well known face	involve selecting, using, and combining multiple applications, preferably across a range of devices, to achieve challenging goals, including collecting and analysing data and meeting the needs of known users		opportunity to choose from a huge variety of web images and recreate digital versions of these. They are encouraged to download Inkscape at home to practise their skills	<u>Duplicate</u>	

		YEA	<b>AR 9</b>		
Term	Programme of Learning	Links to the National Curriculum / Specification / Additional	Assessments	What extra learning opportunities are planned?	Disciplinary Literacy
Term la	SIRI Project Advanced Python coding	<ul> <li>design, use and evaluate computational abstractions that model the state and behaviour of realworld problems and physical systems</li> <li>use 2 or more programming languages, at least one of which is textual, to solve a variety of computational problems; make appropriate use of data structures [for example, lists, tables or arrays]; design and develop modular programs that use procedures or functions</li> <li>understand simple Boolean logic [for</li> </ul>	Presentations completed and assessed using CPR	Using python at home on their REPL accounts	Appropriate Meaningful

		example, AND, OR and NOT] and some of its uses in circuits and programming; understand how numbers can be represented in binary, and be able to carry out simple operations on binary numbers [for example, binary addition, and conversion between binary and decimal]			
Term lb	Cyber Security 1. You and your data 2. Social Engineering 3. Script Kiddies 4. Rise of the bots 5. There's no place like 127.0.0.1 6. Under Attack	understand a range of ways to use technology safely, respectfully, responsibly and securely, including protecting their online identity and privacy; recognise inappropriate content, contact and conduct and know how to report concerns.	Summative Assessment Year 9 examination	Students are asked to look at major events in the world of cyber security	Malware Social Engineering

Term 2a	Representations – going audio visual?  1. Binary mosaic 2. Splash of colour 3. Collage 4. Good vibrations 5. Sonic playground 6. Always another way	undertake creative projects that involve selecting, using, and combining multiple applications, preferably across a range of devices, to achieve challenging goals, including collecting and analysing data and meeting the needs of known users	Summative Assessment	Students are encouraged to look at existing visual presentations	Pixels Resolution
Term 2b	Mobile App development  1. App for that 2. Tappy tap app 3. School lab studios 4. User Input 5. App development 6. Project completion	design, use and evaluate computational abstractions that model the state and behaviour of real-world problems and physical systems  undertake creative projects that involve selecting, using, and	Summative Assessment	Students to consider which apps they currently use, which ones they no longer use	Paradigm Decomposition
		combining multiple applications, preferably across a range of devices, to achieve challenging goals, including collecting and analysing data and meeting the needs of known users			

Term 3a	Media Animations?  1. Move, rotate, scale, colour 2. Animation, names, parenting 3. Complex models and colours 4. Organic Modelling 5. Lights, camera, render 6. Project	undertake creative projects that involve selecting, using, and combining multiple applications, preferably across a range of devices, to achieve challenging goals, including collecting and analysing data and meeting the needs of known users			Animation Subdivision
Term 3b	Extended Vector Graphics – Inkscape  1. Basic introduction 2. Sonic the Hedgehog 3. The Apple 4. Bitmap trace 5. Reproducing well known face	undertake creative projects that involve selecting, using, and combining multiple applications, preferably across a range of devices, to achieve challenging goals, including collecting and analysing data and meeting the needs of known users	Final Portfolio	Students are given the opportunity to choose from a huge variety of web images and recreate digital versions of these. They are encouraged to download Inkscape at home to practise their skills	Node Duplicate

		YEA	R 10		
Term	Programme of Learning	Links to the National Curriculum / Specification / Additional	Assessments	What extra learning opportunities are planned?	Disciplinary Literacy
Initial Assessment	30 Programming Challenges set by OCR	3 weeks to attempt to complete as many of the programming challenges as possible. This is a great way for pupils to refresh their programming knowledge.	Portfolio of work	Pupils will have the opportunity to complete these challenges in their own time as homework tasks	
Paper 2: Topic 9	Algorithms	Explain what is meant by computational thinking [Syllabus reference 2.1.1] Explain what is meant by decomposition, abstraction and algorithmic thinking and use them to solve problems [Syllabus reference 2.1.1] Create algorithms to solve problems that you have analysed [Syllabus reference 2.1.2] Identify the inputs, processes and outputs for a problem [Syllabus reference 2.1.2]	Algorithm practical assessment	Interactive challenges within unit	<ul> <li>Algorithm</li> <li>Computational thinking</li> <li>Decomposition</li> <li>Abstraction</li> <li>Sequence</li> <li>Selection</li> <li>Iteration</li> <li>Flowchart</li> <li>Variable</li> <li>Constant</li> </ul>

		Create, interpret, correct, complete and modify algorithms using flowcharts [Syllabus reference 2.1.2]			
Paper 2: Topic 10	Programming Fundamentals	<ul> <li>express algorithms using pseudocode [Syllabus reference 2.1.2]</li> <li>create, name and use suitable variables [Syllabus reference 2.2.1]</li> <li>use arithmetic, relational and Boolean operators [Syllabus reference 2.2.1]</li> <li>use conditional statements [Syllabus reference 2.2.1]</li> <li>explain what is meant by iteration [Syllabus reference 2.2.1]</li> <li>explain the difference between definite and indefinite iteration</li> <li>use for loops [Syllabus reference 2.2.1]</li> <li>use while loops [Syllabus reference 2.2.1]</li> <li>use do until loops [Syllabus reference 2.2.1]</li> </ul>	Practical Coding Task	Interactive challenges within unit  Coding opportunities	<ul> <li>Definite iteration</li> <li>Indefinite iteration</li> <li>For loop</li> <li>While loop</li> <li>Dountil loop</li> <li>Nested loop</li> <li>Infinite loops</li> <li>Trace table</li> </ul>

Paper 2:	Data types and additional	<ul> <li>use nested loops [Syllabus reference 2.2.1]</li> <li>analyse algorithms using trace tables to identify common errors [Syllabus reference 2.2.1]</li> <li>use iteration when designing algorithms [Syllabus reference 2.1.2]</li> <li>explain what is meant by</li> </ul>	Pizza Ordering	Interactive challenges	• String
Topic 11	programming techniques	'data type' and list some common types [Syllabus reference 2.2.2]  · use the correct data types in algorithms [Syllabus reference 2.2.2]  · carry out various manipulations such as finding the length of and slicing and concatenating 'string' data types [Syllabus reference 2.2.3]  · create and work with simple array data structures [Syllabus reference 2.2.3]  · create and work with two-dimensional arrays [Syllabus reference 2.2.3]  · use basic file handling operations [Syllabus reference 2.2.3]  · use records to store data [Syllabus reference 2.2.3]	system creator	within unit  Coding opportunities	manipulation Index String traversal Concatenation Casting Array Two-dimensional array File handle Write mode Read mode Subroutine

		<ul> <li>use SQL to search data [Syllabus reference 2.2.3]</li> <li>use sub programs to produce structured code [Syllabus reference 2.2.3]</li> <li>generate random numbers [Syllabus reference 2.2.3]</li> </ul>			
Paper 2: Topic 12	Searching and Sorting Algorithms	<ul> <li>explain why sorted lists are of more value than unsorted lists [Syllabus reference 2.1.3]</li> <li>describe the bubble sort, selection sort and merge sort algorithms [Syllabus reference 2.1.3]</li> <li>use these algorithms to sort lists into ascending and descending order [Syllabus reference 2.1.3]</li> <li>describe the linear and binary search algorithms [Syllabus reference 2.1.3]</li> <li>use these algorithms to search sorted and unsorted lists [Syllabus reference 2.1.3]</li> </ul>	Evidenced through ability to complete different sorting algorithms	Interactive challenges within unit  Coding opportunities	<ul> <li>Bubble sort</li> <li>Insertion sort</li> <li>Merge sort</li> <li>Sequential</li> <li>Linear sort</li> <li>Binary search</li> </ul>

Paper 2, Topic 13	Creating Robust Programs	<ul> <li>explain how developers consider security when designing software [Syllabus reference 2.3.1]</li> </ul>	Password Authentication program creator	Interactive challenges within unit	<ul><li>Authentication</li><li>Validation</li><li>Maintainability</li></ul>
		· describe how authentication is used in software [Syllabus reference 2.3.1] · describe how input validation is used [Syllabus reference 2.3.1] · discuss the maintainability of software [Syllabus reference 2.3.1] · explain the purpose of testing [Syllabus reference 2.3.2] · describe the types of testing that can be used [Syllabus reference 2.3.2] · explain the difference between logic and syntax errors [Syllabus reference 2.3.2] · describe the use of test data [Syllabus reference 2.3.2]		Coding opportunities	<ul> <li>Modular testing</li> <li>Iterative testing</li> <li>Terminal testing</li> <li>Syntax error</li> <li>Logic error</li> </ul>

Paper 2, Topic 14	Boolean Logic	• create truth tables for Boolean operators [Syllabus reference 2.4.1] • draw AND, OR and NOT logic gates [Syllabus reference 2.4.1] • combine logic gates into logic circuits [Syllabus reference 2.4.1] • create truth tables for logic circuits [Syllabus reference 2.4.1]	Evidenced through ability to complete logic circuits and truth tables	Interactive challenges	<ul> <li>Boolean logic</li> <li>Truth table</li> <li>Logic gate</li> <li>AND gate</li> <li>OR gate</li> <li>NOT gate</li> <li>Logic circuit</li> </ul>
Paper 2, Topic 15	Programming Languages and Integrated Development Environments	• describe the difference between low and high level languages [Syllabus reference 2.5.1] • explain the advantages of using high level languages [Syllabus reference 2.5.1] • explain how program instructions are encoded in low level languages [Syllabus reference 2.5.1] • explain why high level languages need to be translated [Syllabus reference 2.5.1] • explain the characteristics and use of • an assembler • a compiler • an interpreter	Mini examination	School Trip to National Videogame Museum	<ul> <li>Machine code</li> <li>Machine</li> <li>Ianguage</li> <li>Instruction set</li> <li>Opcode</li> <li>Operand</li> <li>Assembly</li> <li>Ianguage</li> <li>Mnemonic</li> <li>Assembler</li> <li>High level</li> <li>Ianguage</li> <li>Low level</li> <li>Ianguage</li> <li>Compiler</li> <li>Interpreter</li> </ul>

discuss the tools and facilities available in an integrated development environment [Syllabus reference 2.5.2]		

		YEA	<b>AR 11</b>		
Term	Programme of Learning	Links to the National Curriculum / Specification / Additional	Assessments	What extra learning opportunities are planned?	Disciplinary Literacy
Paper 1, Topic 1	The Central Processing Unit	<ul> <li>explain the purpose of the Central Processing Unit (CPU) [Syllabus reference 1.1.1]</li> <li>describe the components of the CPU and their functions [Syllabus reference 1.1.1]</li> <li>describe the fetch-execute cycle [Syllabus reference 1.1.1]</li> <li>describe Von Neumann architecture</li> <li>explain how the cache size, clock speed and number of cores affect CPU performance [Syllabus reference 1.1.2]</li> <li>explain the purpose of and characteristics of an embedded system [Syllabus reference 1.1.3]</li> </ul>	Mini examination assessment	Interactive challenges	<ul> <li>Embedded system</li> <li>Central processing unit</li> <li>Von Neumann architecture</li> <li>Fetch-execute cycle</li> <li>Random access memory</li> </ul>

Paper 1,	Primary and Secondary	• explain the need for primary	Create presentation	Interactive challenges	· Random access
Topic 2	Storage	storage [Syllabus reference	on what pupils have	linteractive chaneriges	memory
Topic 2	Storage	1.2.1]	l learnt		Read-only
		· describe the purposes and	learit		
		differences of RAM and ROM			memory
		[Syllabus reference 1.2.1]			· Storage location
		• explain how virtual memory			<mark>(address)</mark>
		works [Syllabus reference 1.2.1]			• Volatile
		· explain the need for			<ul> <li>Virtual memory</li> </ul>
		secondary storage [Syllabus			<ul><li>Secondary</li></ul>
		reference 1.2.2]			<mark>storage device</mark>
		· describe common types of			<ul> <li>Magnetic storage</li> </ul>
		storage devices [Syllabus			<ul> <li>Optical storage</li> </ul>
		reference 1.2.2]			<ul> <li>Solid state</li> </ul>
		· describe the advantages and			<mark>storage</mark>
		disadvantages of different			
		storage devices [Syllabus			
		reference 1.2.2] • explain why data needs to be			
		converted into a binary format			
		to be processed by			
		a computer [Syllabus			
		reference 1.2.3]			
		• describe the units of data			
		storage [Syllabus reference			
		1.2.3]			
Paper 1,	Data Representation	· convert binary numbers into	Use python to create	Interactive worksheets	· Hexadecimal
Topic 3	·	denary and vice versa	a binary conversion		<ul> <li>Character set</li> </ul>
		[Syllabus reference 1.2.4]	calculator.		• ASCII code
		· carry out addition on binary			• Unicode
		numbers [Syllabus reference			• Pixel
		1.2.4]			· Resolution
		• explain what overflow is,			· Colour depth
		when it occurs, why it occurs			Colour depert

and what it means [Syllabus	<mark>· Metadata</mark>
reference 1.2.4]	<ul> <li>Analogue and</li> </ul>
· use left and right shifts when	digital
multiplying or dividing binary	· Sampling
numbers by	· Sample rate
powers of 2 [Syllabus	
reference 1.2.4]	• Bit depth
· explain why hexadecimal	<ul> <li>Compression</li> </ul>
numbers are used [Syllabus	<mark>• Binary</mark> _
reference 1.2.4]	• Lossless
· convert between binary,	<u>compression</u>
denary and hexadecimal	· Lossy
[Syllabus reference 1.2.4]	compression
· explain how characters are	
represented in binary	
[Syllabus reference 1.2.4]	
· calculate the ASCII code for	
any character [Syllabus	
reference 1.2.4]	
· explain the differences	
between ASCII, extended	
ASCII and Unicode [Syllabus	
reference 1.2.4]	
· explain how images are	
represented in binary	
[Syllabus reference 1.2.4]	
· calculate the size of an image	
file [Syllabus reference 1.2.4]	
• explain the purpose of	
metadata [Syllabus reference	
1.2.4]	
• explain how sound is	
represented in binary	
[Syllabus reference 1.2.4]	
[[-]	<u> </u>

		calculate the size of an audio file [Syllabus reference 1.2.4] explain the disadvantages of large image and audio files [Syllabus reference 1.2.4] explain the differences between lossless and lossy file compression [Syllabus reference 1.2.4]			
Paper 1, Topic 4	Networks	explain what is meant by a computer network and list the different types of networks [Syllabus reference 1.3.1]     describe the factors that affect the performance of networks [Syllabus reference 1.3.1]     describe the differences between client server and peer-to-peer networks [Syllabus reference 1.3.1]     explain the functions of the hardware needed to connect computers [Syllabus reference 1.3.1]     explain how computers communicate using cable and microwave [Syllabus reference 1.3.1]     describe how the internet is a network of networks [Syllabus reference 1.3.1]	Create a report for a business examining their current internet set up	Interactive challenges	Local area network (LAN) · Wide area network (WAN) · Peer-to-peer network · Client-server network · Network interface card (NIC) · Media Access Control (MAC) · Wireless access point · Switch · Router · Ethernet · Protocol · Bandwidth

		<ul> <li>explain the features of IP addresses [Syllabus reference 1.3.1]</li> <li>explain the purposes and roles of DNS and web servers [Syllabus reference 1.3.1]</li> <li>explain the use of the cloud for data and software storage [Syllabus reference 1.3.1]</li> <li>describe the benefits and drawbacks of using the cloud [Syllabus reference 1.3.1]</li> <li>describe star and mesh network topologies [Syllabus reference 1.3.1]</li> <li>recommend a topology for a particular scenario [Syllabus reference 1.3.1]</li> </ul>			
Paper 1, Topic 5	Protocols and Layers	explain how data is transmitted across the internet [Syllabus reference 1.3.2]     explain the use of protocols [Syllabus reference 1.3.2]     describe the purposes and functions of protocols [Syllabus reference 1.3.2]     explain how layers are used in protocols [Syllabus reference 1.3.2]	Mini examination	Interactive challenges	• IP address • Packets • Packet switching • Transmission Control Protocol Internet protocol (TCP/IP) • Networking layers

Paper 1, Topic 6	Threats to Computer Systems and Networks	· describe the different strategies that criminals use to attack computer networks [Syllabus reference 1.4.1] · explain how people are the greatest security risks to networks [Syllabus reference 1.4.1] · describe the threats posed to networks [Syllabus reference 1.4.1] · explain how these threats can be identified, prevented and combatted [Syllabus reference 1.4.1]	Mini exam	Interactive challenges	<ul> <li>Social engineering</li> <li>Blagging</li> <li>Phishing</li> <li>Pharming</li> <li>Malware</li> <li>Virus</li> <li>Worm</li> <li>Trojan</li> <li>Spyware</li> <li>Adware</li> <li>Brute force attack</li> <li>Denial of service</li> <li>SQL injection</li> <li>Encryption</li> </ul>
Paper 1, Topic 7	Operating Systems and Utility Software	• explain what is meant by systems software [Syllabus reference 1.5.1] • explain what is meant by an operating system [Syllabus reference 1.5.1] • describe the functions of the operating system [Syllabus reference 1.5.1] • explain what is meant by utility systems software [Syllabus reference 1.5.2] • list some examples of utility systems software and their functions [Syllabus reference 1.5.2]	Mini exam	Interactive challenges	<ul> <li>Drivers</li> <li>User interface</li> <li>Graphical user interface</li> <li>Command line interface</li> <li>Utility software</li> <li>Defragmentation</li> <li>Data compression</li> </ul>

Paper 1,	Ethical, legal, cultural and	· discuss the following issues in relation to the impact of	Exam	Interactive challenges	· Environmental
Topic 8	environmental impacts of digital technology	in relation to the impact of digital technology on society:     ethical     legal     cultural     environmental     privacy [Syllabus reference 1.6.1]     discuss the following legislation relevant to digital technology:     The Data Protection Act 2018     Computer Misuse Act 1990     Copyright Designs and Patents Act 1988     Software licences [Syllabus reference 1.6.1]			issues  • e-waste  • Ethical issues  • Digital divide  • Data protection act  • Computer misuse act  • Copyright Designs and Patents Act  • Copyright  • Patent  • Proprietary software  • Open source
					<u>software</u>