

CURRICULUM PLAN

D&T FOOD PREPARATION & NUTRTION BRAMHALL HIGH SCHOOL

Curriculum Intent

YEAR 10

The Food Preparation and Nutrition qualification aims to equip students with the knowledge, understanding and skills required to cook and apply the principles of food science, nutrition and healthy eating. The qualification will encourage learners to cook and make informed decisions about a wide range of further learning, opportunities and career pathways as well as develop life skills that enable learners to feed themselves and others affordably, now and in later life.

The heart of our qualification is the development of strong practical cookery skills and techniques as well as a good understanding of nutrition. We believe that learners who learn to cook well are more likely to make better food choices and understand healthy eating. Learners will discover the essentials of food science, nutrition alongside learning how to cook. In addition to this, learners will understand the huge challenges that we face globally to supply the world with nutritious and safe food. This qualification is another step towards creating a healthier society and improving the nation's cooking skills as well as setting some learners on the path to careers in the food and hospitality industries.

YEAR 11

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Academic Year: 2023-2024

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		YEA	R 10		
Term	Programme of Learning	Links to the National Curriculum / Specification / Additional	Assessments	What extra learning opportunities are planned?	Disciplinary Literacy
Term la	The importance of a healthy diet How to use the major commodity groups to make a balanced food choice The application of the eight tips for healthy eating Diet-related diseases and conditions: obesity (weight loss and gain), cardiovascular, coronary heart disease (CHD), diabetes, diverticulitis, bone health (osteoporosis), dental health,	A 1.1 A 1.2 A 1.3	Theory CPR assessment: Healthy Eating GCSE revision question	PE: Eatwell Guide and Diets Macronutrients Micronutrients English: descriptive adjectives of sensory analysis and evaluation	Balanced diet Commodity
	anaemia and high blood pressure Balanced combinations of food, nutrients and correct portion sizes for babies, toddlers, pre-school children, school-aged children, adolescents, adults, older people, pregnant and lactating	A 2.1 A 2.2 A 2.3	Theory CPR assessment: Stage of life information leaflet	Mathematics : Measurement Ratio/Fractions	Cardiovascular Malnutrition
	women Foods that may cause an allergic reaction Food intolerance: lactose and gluten (coeliacs) Recommended daily amounts of macro and micro nutrients and energy			Geography : Foods are grown and harvested	Intolerance
	Plan recipes, meals and diets based on nutritional analysis Altering or substituting ingredients,	A3		Art and Design: Presentation and decoration	Modification

changing the method of cooking or process and changing the portion size	A 4.1			
Basal metabolic rate (BMR) and physical activity level (PAL) and their importance in determining energy requirements Recommended percentage of daily energy intake Sources of energy: protein, fat, carbohydrate and alcohol Units (kcal and kJ) for measuring energy Gender, life stage, pregnancy/lactation, size/body weight, genetics, occupation and lifestyle	A 4.2 A 4.3			Energy Balance
				Deficiency
Protein : Types and structure: High biological value (HBV) and low biological value (LBV), Functions and deficiency Animal and vegetable	A6	Practical CPR assessment: Making Lasagna, skills focus	Science: Functional and chemical properties of carbohydrates – starch/gelatinisation /gelation	Saturated fat
Fat: Types and structure: fats and oils (saturated, unsaturated and polyunsaturated) Functions and deficiency. Animal and vegetable: visible and invisible	A7		Biological raising – fermentation	
Carbohydrates: Sugar: monosaccharides, disaccharides, starch: complex carbohydrates and fibre				Monosaccharide

	Functions and deficiency Sugar, starch and fibre				
Term 1b	Vitamins: Fat soluble vitamins: A (retinol and carotene), D, E, K Water soluble vitamins: B1 (thiamine), B2 (riboflavin), B3 (niacin), B9 (Folate/Folic acid), B12 (cobalamin), C (ascorbic acid) Functions and deficiency. Food sources of vitamins Minerals: Calcium, iron, sodium, fluoride, iodine, phosphorus. Functions and deficiency. Foods that supply minerals Water: Functions and deficiency.	A9 A10	Practical CPR assessment:: Chicken Portioning and associated dish Theory CPR assessment: Macronutrients test Practical CPR assessment: Pastry making (shortcrust focus)	PE: Micronutrients & hydration	Micronutrients Vitamin Deficiency Mineral
	Recommended guidelines for daily intake of water Sources and foods that give us water.		Theory CPR assessment: Micronutrients test		Hydration

Term 2a	Nutritional content of each commodity group Advantages and disadvantages of locally produced and seasonal foods Where and how they are grown: organic and non- organic farming	A 11 B 1.1 B 1.2	Practical CPR assessment: Fishcakes & H/M mayo- Focus on time management/ time plan	Seasonal Organic
	Classification of fruits and vegetables Where and how they are reared:	B 1.3		Intensive
	intensive farming methods, free-range products, rearing of the animals	B 1.4	Theory CPR assessment: Nutrients in food	Sustainable
	Classification of meat, poultry and game	B 1.5 B 1.6	GCSE revision question	
	Where and how they are caught: sustainable fish supply Classification of fish	B 1.7 B 1.8		
Term 2b	How wheat is milled and processed to produce flour Heat treatment of milk The processes that raw food undergoes to transform it into a food product	B 2.1 B 2.2	Practical CPR assessment: NEA2 practice making End of unit practical	Processing Emulsion
	How milk is processed to produce butter, cream, yoghurt and cheese How flour is used to produce bread and	B 2.3		

pasta	B 3.1			Sterilisation Pasteurisation
High temperatures : pasteurisation, sterilisation (ultra heat treated (UHT) and canning)	B 3.2			Preservation
Cold temperatures: chilling, freezing, cook-freeze/blast chilling and accelerated freeze-drying (AFD) Drying and smoking Using acids, salt and sugar	B 3.3	Theory CPR assessment		
Controlled atmosphere packaging (CAP)/modified atmosphere packaging (MAP) and vacuum packing The availability of food , the access to food, the individual's ability to utilise food	B 3.4		Fairtrade Week	Availability Accessibility Fairtrade Genetically modified
Moral issues: how Fairtrade affects food producers and workers Ethical issues: relating to the development of genetically modified (GM) food	B 3.6			Environment
Environmental issues: food waste Carbon footprint and the transportation of materials and goods Sustainability of resources				

Term 3a	The advantages and disadvantages of fortification	B 4.1	Science : Functional and chemical properties of	Fortification Additive
	Tottingation	B 4.2	carbohydrates, proteins,	7 ta artive
	Additives: Preservatives, colourings,		fats, oils, acids, alkalis,	
	flavourings and sweeteners, emulsifiers and stabilisers and thickeners, antioxidants		enzymes, heat transfer	
		B 4.3		
	Probiotics and prebiotics			
	Recognise traditional ingredients	B 5.1		Functional foods
	Understand religious or cultural factors affecting the cuisine	B 5.2	English: descriptive adjectives of	Traditional
	Understand traditional cooking methods, presentation and eating patterns	B 6.1	sensory analysis and evaluation	Cultural
	Recognise how the traditional recipes	B 6.2		
	have been adapted to suit today's society Food choice can be affected by cost, enjoyment, preference, seasonality, availability, time of day, activity,	B 6.3	Mathematics : Measurement Ratio/Fractions	Cuisine
	celebration or occasion		Geography:	
			Foods are grown and	
	Food choice can be affected by related beliefs of major religions : Buddhism, Hinduism, Islam, Judaism, Rastafarianism		harvested	
	and Sikhism	B 6.4	PE:	
	and Shansin		Eatwell Guide and Diets	Ethical
			Macronutrients	
		C1	Micronutrients	
			Art and Design:	

	Vegetarians (lacto-ovo, lacto, ovo and vegans), animal welfare, local produce, organic food Foods Science: Making food safe to eat Making food more digestible/palatable			Presentation and decoration	Bacteria
Term 3b	Foods Science: Conduction, convection and radiation Enrichment/loss, increase/reduce calorific value, vitamin losses Texture, flavour, appearance, aroma Carbohydrates: gelatinisation, dextrinization, caramelisation	C 1.1 C 1.2 C 1.3 C 1.4 C 1.5 C 1.6 C 1.7 C 1.8	Practical CPR assessment: Theory CPR assessment: GCSE question- Food safety extended writing question	Competition: Tunnock Teacake challenge	Heat transference Gelatinisation
	Fats/oils: shortening, aeration, plasticity, emulsification Protein: coagulation, foam formation, gluten formation, acid denature Fruit and vegetables: enzymic browning/oxidisation Raising agents: yeast, chemical agents, air and steam			Young Chef, and competitions promoted by the food industry such as Future Chef	Aeration Coagulate

		YE/	AR 11		
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Term la	Changes that happen when food is cooked: texture, appearance, colour taste, sound and aroma	C 2.1 C 2.2	Theory CPR assessment	Intervention Club	Organoleptic
	The importance of the senses of sight, taste, touch, smell and hearing and how they work when making food choices	C 2.3			Sensory
	The five basic tastes recognised by receptors (sweetness, sourness, bitterness, saltiness and umami)	C 3.1 C 3.2		Homework drop in	
	How to set up a testing panel Styles and forms of rating, ranking and profiling systems with the use of appropriate descriptive terminology The role of time, temperature, moisture	C 3.3 C 3.4 C 3.5			Preferential
	and food availability The role of time, temperature, moisture and food availability	C 3.7			Bacterial growth

	Natural decay, enzyme action and yeast production Types of micro-organisms and key points Labelling and date marks Visual checks Reputable supplier Types of storage and how to store foods correctly Preventing cross contamination and food poisoning: direct and indirect methods High-risk foods, critical temperatures CONTROLLED ASSESSMENT	NEA1	NEA 1: Research & Planning 9marks NEA 1: Investigation 21marks	Teflon TM Diamond Standard Cookery Awards, The Rotary Club	Micro-organisms Danger zone Spoilage Contamination Cross contamination
Term 1b	CONTROLLED	NEAI	NEA 1:Evaluation		
	ASSESSMENT	NEA2	Year 11 Mock Exams 1:30min		
			NEA2 PLAN & RESEARCH		

Term 2a	CONTROLLED ASSESSMENT	NEA2	NEA2 PLAN & RESEARCH NEA2 TIMEPLAN NEA2 MAKING NEA2 EVALUATION	
Term 2b	Revision		1. GCSE revision question	
Term 3a	Revision Yrll have tailored revision lessons to prepare them for their exam whilst exploring gaps in learning			