

CURRICULUM PLAN DIGITAL INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY BRAMHALL HIGH SCHOOL

Curriculum Intent

Learners who generally achieve at Level 2 across their Key Stage 4 learning might consider progression to:

• A Levels as preparation for entry to higher education in a range of subjects

• study of a vocational qualification at Level 3, such as a BTEC National in ..., which prepares learners to enter employment or apprenticeships, or to move on to higher education by studying a degree in the business sector.

Term Programme of Learning Links to the National Curriculum / Specification / Additional Assessments What extra learning opportunities are planned? Disciplina Literacy Term Learners will understand the use of different types of user interface and how they vary across different uses, devices and purposes. A1 User interfaces: • Types of user interface Component 1 - Pearson set • Range of uses and devices • Factors affecting the choice of user interface: • Hardware and software influences: Component 1 - Pearson set Assignment (Internal) MAZON Interface Usability Accessibility GANNT Char Constraints Learners will understand the varying needs of the audience and how they affect both the type and the design of the interface. A2 Audience needs: • Accessibility needs • Skill level • Demographics Component 2 - Pearson set • Assignment (Internal) Independent opportunities for students to report on their own experience of using digital information systems outside school. A3 Design principles: • Externally moderated Externally moderated · Externally moderated E c			YEAR 10			
Term laLearners will understand the use of different types of user interface and how they vary across different uses, devices and purposes.A1 User interfaces:Component 1 - Pearson set Assignment (Internal)AMAZON Fulfilment Centre Tour (Subject to Availability)Interface Usability Accessibility GANNT Char ConstraintsLearners will understand the varying needs of the audience and how they affect both the type and the design of the interface.A1 User interfaces: • Types of user interface • Types of uses and devices • Factors affecting the choice of user interface: • Hardware and software influences:Component 1 - Pearson set Assignment (Internal)AMAZON Fulfilment Centre Tour (Subject to Availability)Interface Usability Accessibility GANNT Char ConstraintsLearners will understand the varying needs of the audience and how they affect both the type and the design of the interface.A1 User interfaces: • Types of uses and devices • Factors affecting the choice of user interface: • Hardware and software • Accessibility needs • Accessibility needs • Skill level • DemographicsComponent 2 - Pearson set • Assignment (Internal)Interface • Systems outside school.A3 Design principles: • Or the other type and the design of the interface.A3 Design principles: • Or the other type and the design of the interface.Fa design principles: • Externally moderatedE design of the advice the type and the design of the interface.	Term	Programme of Learning	Links to the National Curriculum / Specification / Additional	Assessments	What extra learning opportunities are planned?	Disciplinary Literacy
 Colours: Font style/size Language Amount of information Layout User perception of Retaining user attention Intuitive design 	Term la	Learners will understand the use of different types of user interface and how they vary across different uses, devices and purposes. Learners will understand the varying needs of the audience and how they affect both the type and the design of the interface. Learners will understand how design principles provide both appropriate and effective user interaction with hardware devices.	 A1 User interfaces: Types of user interface Range of uses and devices Factors affecting the choice of user interface: Hardware and software influences: A2 Audience needs: Accessibility needs Skill level Demographics A3 Design principles: Colours: Font style/size Language Amount of information Layout User perception of Retaining user attention Intuitive design 	Component 1 - Pearson set Assignment (Internal) <i>Externally moderated</i> Component 2 - Pearson set Assignment (Internal) <i>Externally moderated</i>	AMAZON Fulfilment Centre Tour (Subject to Availability) Independent opportunities for students to report on their own experience of using digital information systems outside school. E.g. MacDonald's ordering systems at cinemas and railway stations. Self-service checkouts at supermarkets	Interface Usability Accessibility GANNT Chart Constraints

Learners will understand the techniques that can be used to improve both the speed and access to user interfaces.	 B1 Project planning techniques: Planning tools Methodologies 		
Learners will understand project planning techniques used to develop a project proposal and project plan for the development of a user interface for a given brief.	 B2 Creating a project proposal and plan: Project proposal User accessibility requirements Constraints Project plan Timescales 		
Learners will understand how to produce an initial design using design principles.	 B3 Creating an initial design Producing a design that: meets user requirements Producing a design specification that includes: Sketches/Hardware and software requirements Producing a design that allows for: Increased user confidence/familiarity Reduced learning time of new interfaces/features Reduced time to complete tasks Increased user attention Reduced need for specialised knowledge. 		

Term 1b	Learners will understand how to use their design to produce a user interface.	 B4 Developing a user interface Initial design using the design principles listed in A3 Design principles. C1 Review: Be able to review a user interface 		
	Learners will understand how to review the success of the user interface and the use of their chosen project planning techniques.	 Identify strengths and weaknesses of the user interface Suggest improvements that could be made to the user interface to better meet the audience needs. 		
	Component 1 - Pearson set Assignment (Internal) <i>Externally moderated</i>			
Term 2a	Learners will understand the concepts of data and that data is meaningless without converting it into information by adding structure and context.	A1 Characteristics of data and information Characteristics of data: • No meaning • No structure • No context • Unprocessed. Characteristics of information: • Has meaning		Data vs Information Validation Verification Primary Data Secondary Data

	Learners will understand the different ways of representing information and will be able	 Has structure Has context Is processed. A2 Representing information		
	to explain situations where they would be used.	 Text Numbers Tables Graphs/charts Sparklines Infographics 		
2a	Learners will understand the methods that can be used to ensure data input is suitable and within boundaries so that it is ready to be processed.	A3 Ensuring data is suitable for processing Validation methods: • Range check • Type check • Presence check • Length check. Verification methods: • Proofreading • Double entry		
	Learners will understand the different types of data collection methods, the strengths and weaknesses of each, how data collection features affect its reliability and how the collection of data could be improved.	 A4 Data collection Primary Data Secondary Data Data collection features: Size of sample Who was in the sample Where the data was collected 		

Term		When the data was collected Mathads used	
2h		• Methods used.	Modelling
20		As Quality of information factors:	Accuracy
	Learners will understand the factors that	Source/collection method Accuracy Age	Fraud
	affect the quality of information	Completeness Amount of detail	Data
		Completeness, Amount of detail,	Manipulation
			Manipulation
		A6 Sectors that use data modelling	Absolute
			Relative
		Types of sectors, to include:	Macros
	Learners will understand how different types	Transport	Conditional -
	of data are used by organisations for data	Education	Formatting
	modelling.	Retail	
		Banking	
		Entertainment	
		• government	
		Health care	
		Construction	
		Communication	
		Health and safety	
		Sport and fitness	
		A7 Threats to individuals	
		Threats to individuals, to include:	
		Invasion of privacy	
	Learners will understand the different	Fraud	
	throats that face individuals who have data	• Targeting vulnerable groups of	
	stored about them	people	
		 Inaccurate data could be stored. 	

Term 3a	Learners will understand how data can be imported from an external source. They will then explore how to accurately apply data processing methods to aid decision making.	 B1 Data processing methods These include: Data manipulation methods: Importing data Formulae Functions Sorting Advanced manipulation methods: Decision-making functions, to include IF, WHATIF, SUMIF Look-up functions Count functions Logical operators, to include NOT, AND, OR Grouping Subtotal functions Filtering 		

		 Other processing methods: Absolute and Relative cell referencing Macros Linking worksheets Comments Hiding / Unhiding and freezing Conditional Formatting 		
Term 3b	Learners will use a dashboard to select and display information summaries based on a given data set.	 B2 Producing a dashboard Showing data summaries from the data set: Totals, Counts, Averages, Percentages Sales Breakdowns and Departmental/Section breakdown. Appropriate presentation methods: Pivot tables, Sparklines, Graphs/ Charts and Form Controls 		Dashboard Pivot tables Sparklines Trends Patterns
	Learners will use a dataset and dashboard to present findings and draw conclusions based on their findings.	C1 Drawing conclusions based on findings in the data: Findings to include: Trends Patterns Possible errors		

Learners will presentation	investigate how well the methods and features listed in	C2 How presentation affects understanding		
B2 have beer	n used.	To ensure they do not lead to:		
		Information being misinterpreted Information being biased Inaccurate conclusions being made.		
Component	t 2 – formal assessment under			
supervision	of exam board set task			

		YEAR	11		
Term		Links to the National Curriculum / Specification / Additional	Assessments	What extra learning opportunities are planned?	Disciplinary Literacy
Term la	A: Modern technologies Understand how and why modern technologies are used by organisations and stakeholders to access and manipulate data, and to provide access to systems and tools in order to complete tasks. Learners should understand the implications of these tools and technologies for organisations and stakeholders.	 A1 Modern technologies Communication technologies: Networks: Setting up ad hoc networks Security Issues Performance Availability Features and uses of cloud storage. Features and uses of cloud storage. Features and uses of cloud computing. How the selection of platforms and services impacts on the use of cloud technologies. How cloud and 'traditional' systems are used together. Implications for organisations when choosing cloud technologies. 	An exam worth 60 marks will be completed under supervised conditions. The supervised assessment period is 1 hour and 30 minutes and should be arranged in the period timetabled by Pearson. The assessment availability is January/February and May/June. First assessment is January/February 2024.		Cloud storage Cloud Computing Platform Ad hoc Stakeholder

Learners should understand how	A2 Impact of modern technologies		
modern technologies impact on the			
way organisations perform tasks.	Changes to modern teams facilitated		
Learners should understand how	by modern technologies.		
technologies are used to manage			
teams, to enable stakeholders to	How modern technologies can be		
access tools and services, and to	used to manage modern teams.		
communicate effectively. Learners	Ŭ		
should understand the positive and	How organisations use modern		
negative impact that the use of	technologies to communicate with		
modern technologies has on	stakeholders.		
organisations and stakeholders			
	How modern technologies aid		
	inclusivity and accessibility.		
	Positive and negative impacts of		
	modern technologies on		
	organisations		
	Positive and negative impacts of		
	modern technologies on individuals		

Term 1b	B: Cyber security	B1 Threats to data		Breach
				Threats
	Learners should understand why	why systems are attacked.		Restrictions
	attacks and how they occur and the	External threats (threats outside the		DIOMETICS
	potential impact of breaches in	organisation) to digital systems and		
	security on the organisation and	data security.		
		Internal threats (threats within the		
		organisation) to digital systems and		
		data security.		
		Impact of security breach		
	Learners should understand how	B2 Prevention and management of		
	different measures can be	threats to data		
	implemented to protect digital			
	systems. They should understand	User access restrictions:		
	the purpose of different systems and	Passwords, Physical Security,		
	how their features and functionality	Biometrics, Two-Factor		
	protect digital systems. Learners	Authentication		
	should understand how one or more	Data lavel protection		
	to reduce the nature and/or impact	Firewalls Encryption Back-ups Virus		
	of threats	Protection		
		Finding weaknesses and improving		
		system security		

Term 2a	Learners should understand the	B3 Policy	Policy
	need for and nature of security		Parameters
	policies in organisations. They should	Defining responsibilities	Cookies
	understand the content that		Transactional data
	constitutes a good security policy	Defining security parameters	Ethical
	and how it is communicated to		Legal
	individuals in an organisation. To	Disaster recovery policy	
	ensure that potential threats and the		
	impact of security breaches are	Actions to take after an attack	
	minimised, learners should		
	understand how procedures in		
	security policies are implemented in		
	organisations.		
		C1 Desperable was	
	C: The wider implications of digital	CI Responsible use	
	systems	Shared data (location based data	
	Learners should understand the	transactional data, sookies, data	
	and their use Learners should	exchange between services)	
	understand how legislation covering	exchange between services)	
	data protection computer crimes	Environmental	
	and intellectual property has an		
	impact on the way that organisations		
	and individuals use digital systems		
	and data. Learners should		
	understand the procedures that		
	organisations must follow in order to		
	conform to legal requirements and		
	professional guidelines.		

Learners should understand the	C2 Legal and ethical		
scope and purpose of legislation			
(valid at time of delivery) that	Importance of providing equal		
governs the use of digital systems	access to services and information		
and data, and how it has an impact			
on the ways in which organisations	Net neutrality and how it impacts on		
use and implement digital systems.	organisations.		
Learners should understand the			
wider ethical considerations of use	The purpose and use of acceptable		
of technologies, data and	use policies		
information, and organisations'			
responsibilities to ensure that they	Blurring of social and business		
behave in an ethical manner.	boundaries		
	Data protection principles		
	Data protection principles		
	Data and the use of the internet		
	Dealing with intellectual property		
	The criminal use of computer		
	systems		

digital systems	
Understand how organisations use	
Learners should be able to interpret different forms of notation to	
and use standard conventions to explain systems, data and	
combine diagrammatical and written information	
information to express an	
understanding of concepts. Be able to interpret information	
presented using different forms of	
notation in a range of contexts.	
Understand how organisations use	
different forms of notation to Be able to present knowledge and	
information:	
Term 3a Exam Preparation	